SCHEDULE RC-N – PAST DUE AND NONACCRUAL LOANS, LEASES, AND OTHER ASSETS

General Instructions

Report on a fully consolidated basis all loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets that are past due or are in nonaccrual status, regardless of whether such credits are secured or unsecured and regardless of whether such credits are guaranteed or insured by the U.S. Government or by others.

For assets that are past due or in nonaccrual status, institutions should report the balance sheet amount of the asset in Schedule RC-N without deducting any applicable allowance for credit losses, not simply the asset's delinquent payments. For example, the amount to be reported in Schedule RC-N for a past due or nonaccrual loan held for investment should equal the amount at which the loan is reported in Schedule RC, Balance Sheet, item 4.b, "Loans and leases held for investment." The amount to be reported in Schedule RC-N, item 10, for a past due or nonaccrual held-to-maturity debt security should equal the amortized cost at which the debt security is reported in Schedule RC-B, Securities, column A.

Loan amounts should be reported net of unearned income to the extent that they are reported net of unearned income in Schedule RC-C. All lease, debt security, and other asset amounts must be reported net of unearned income.

For purposes of these reports, "GNMA loans" are residential mortgage loans insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA), the Department of Agriculture Rural Development (RD) program (formerly the Farmers Home Administration (FmHA)), or the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) or guaranteed by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and administered by the Office of Public and Indian Housing (PIH) that back Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) securities. When an institution services GNMA loans after it has securitized the loans in a transfer accounted for as a sale, ASC Topic 860, Transfers and Servicing, requires the institution to bring individual delinguent GNMA loans that it previously accounted for as sold back onto its books as loan assets when, under the GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide, the loan meets GNMA's specified delinquency criteria and is eliqible for repurchase. This rebooking of GNMA loans is required regardless of whether the institution, as seller-servicer, intends to exercise the repurchase (buy-back) option. A seller-servicer must report all delinquent rebooked GNMA loans that have been repurchased or are eligible for repurchase as past due in Schedule RC-N in accordance with their contractual repayment terms. In addition, if an institution services GNMA loans, but was not the transferor of the loans that were securitized, and purchases individual delinquent loans out of the GNMA securitization, the institution must report the purchased loans as past due in Schedule RC-N in accordance with their contractual repayment terms even though the institution was not required to record the delinquent GNMA loans as assets prior to purchasing the loans. Such delinquent GNMA loans should be reported in items 1.c, 11, and 11.b of Schedule RC-N.

Definitions

<u>Past Due</u> – The past due status of a loan or other asset should be determined in accordance with its contractual repayment terms. For purposes of this schedule, grace periods allowed by the bank after a loan or other asset technically has become past due but before the imposition of late charges are not to be taken into account in determining past due status. Furthermore, loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets are to be reported as past due when either interest <u>or</u> principal is unpaid in the following circumstances:

- (1) Closed-end installment loans, amortizing loans secured by real estate, and any other loans and lease financing receivables with payments scheduled monthly are to be reported as past due when the borrower is in arrears two or more monthly payments. (At a bank's option, loans and leases with payments scheduled monthly may be reported as past due when one scheduled payment is due and unpaid for 30 days or more.) Other multipayment obligations with payments scheduled other than monthly are to be reported as past due when one scheduled payment is due and unpaid for 30 days or more.
- (2) Open-end credit such as credit cards, check credit, and other revolving credit plans are to be reported as past due when the customer has not made the minimum payment for two or more billing cycles.
- (3) Single payment and demand notes, debt securities, and other assets providing for the payment of interest at stated intervals are to be reported as past due after one interest payment is due and unpaid for 30 days or more.
- (4) Single payment notes, debt securities, and other assets providing for the payment of interest at maturity are to be reported as past due after maturity if interest <u>or</u> principal remains unpaid for 30 days or more.
- (5) Unplanned overdrafts are to be reported as past due if the account remains continuously overdrawn for 30 days or more.

For purposes of this schedule, banks should use one of two methods to recognize partial payments on "retail credit," i.e., open-end and closed-end credit extended to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures, including consumer loans and credit cards, and loans to individuals secured by their personal residence, including home equity and home improvement loans. A payment equivalent to 90 percent or more of the contractual payment may be considered a full payment in computing delinquency. Alternatively, a bank may aggregate payments and give credit for any partial payment received. For example, if a regular monthly installment is \$300 and the borrower makes payments of only \$150 per month for a six-month period, the loan would be \$900 (\$150 shortage times six payments), or three monthly payments past due. A bank may use either or both methods for its retail credit, but may not use both methods simultaneously with a single loan.

Purchased credit-impaired (PCI) loans and debt securities held as of the adoption date of ASC Topic 326, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (ASC Topic 326) should prospectively be accounted for as purchased credit-deteriorated (PCD) assets. As of the adoption date of the standard, the remaining noncredit discount or premium on a PCD asset, after the adjustment for the allowance for credit losses should be accreted to interest income at the new effective interest rate on the asset, if the asset is not required to be placed on nonaccrual.

Definitions (cont.)

For a PCD loan, debt security, or other financial asset within the scope of ASC Topic 326 that is not reported in nonaccrual status, the delinquency status of the PCD asset should be determined in accordance with its contractual repayment terms for purposes of reporting the amortized cost basis of the asset (fair value for a PCD available-for-sale debt security) as past due in Schedule RC-N, column A or B, as appropriate. If the PCD asset that is not reported in nonaccrual status consists of a pool of loans that was previously PCI, but is being maintained as a unit of account after the adoption of ASC Topic 326, delinquency status should be determined individually for each loan in the pool in accordance with the individual loan's contractual repayment terms. For further information, see the Glossary entry for "Purchased Credit-Deteriorated Assets."

Nonaccrual – For purposes of this schedule, an asset is to be reported as being in nonaccrual status if:

- (1) It is maintained on a cash basis because of deterioration in the financial condition of the borrower,
- (2) Payment in full of principal or interest is not expected, or
- (3) Principal or interest has been in default for a period of 90 days or more unless the asset is <u>both</u> well secured and in the process of collection.

An asset is "well secured" if it is secured (1) by collateral in the form of liens on or pledges of real or personal property, including securities, that have a realizable value sufficient to discharge the debt (including accrued interest) in full, or (2) by the guarantee of a financially responsible party. An asset is "in the process of collection" if collection of the asset is proceeding in due course either (1) through legal action, including judgment enforcement procedures, or, (2) in appropriate circumstances, through collection efforts not involving legal action which are reasonably expected to result in repayment of the debt or in its restoration to a current status in the near future.

For purposes of applying the third test for nonaccrual status listed above, the date on which an asset reaches nonaccrual status is determined by its contractual terms. If the principal or interest on an asset becomes due and unpaid for 90 days or more on a date that falls between report dates, the asset should be placed in nonaccrual status as of the date it becomes 90 days past due and it should remain in nonaccrual status until it meets the criteria for restoration to accrual status described below.

In the following situations, an asset need not be placed in nonaccrual status:

- (1) The asset upon which principal or interest is due and unpaid for 90 days or more is a consumer loan (as defined for Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 6, "Loans to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures") or a loan secured by a 1-to-4 family residential property (as defined for Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 1.c, Loans "Secured by 1-4 family residential properties"). Nevertheless, such loans should be subject to other alternative methods of evaluation to assure that the bank's net income is not materially overstated. To the extent that the bank has elected to carry such a loan in nonaccrual status on its books, the loan must be reported as nonaccrual in this schedule.
- (2) The following criteria are met for a PCD asset, including a PCD asset that was previously a PCI asset or part of a pool of PCI assets, that would otherwise be required to be placed in nonaccrual status (see the Glossary entry for "Nonaccrual Status"):
 - (a) The institution reasonably estimates the timing and amounts of cash flows expected to be collected, and
 - (b) The institution did not acquire the asset primarily for the rewards of ownership of the underlying collateral, such as use of collateral in operations of the institution or improving the collateral for resale.

When a PCD asset that meets the criteria above is not placed in nonaccrual status, the asset should be subject to other alternative methods of evaluation to ensure that the institution's net income is not materially overstated. Further, regardless of whether a PCD asset is in nonaccrual or accrual status,

an institution is not permitted to accrete the credit-related discount embedded in the purchase price of such an asset that is attributable to the acquirer's assessment of expected credit losses as of the date of acquisition (i.e., the contractual cash flows the acquirer did not expect to collect at acquisition). Interest income should no longer be recognized on a PCD asset to the extent that the net investment in the asset would increase to an amount greater than the payoff amount. If an institution is required or has elected to carry a PCD asset in nonaccrual status, the asset must be reported as a nonaccrual asset at its amortized cost basis (fair value for a PCD available-for-sale debt security) in Schedule RC-N, column C. (For PCD assets for which the institution has made a policy election to maintain previously existing pools of PCI loans upon adoption of ASC Topic 326, the determination of nonaccrual or accrual status should be made at the pool level, not the individual asset level.) For further information, see the Glossary entry for "Purchased Credit-Deteriorated Assets."

As a general rule, a nonaccrual asset may be restored to accrual status when:

- (1) None of its principal and interest is due and unpaid, and the bank expects repayment of the remaining contractual principal and interest; or
- (2) When it otherwise becomes well secured and in the process of collection.

For purposes of meeting the first test for restoration to accrual status, the bank must have received repayment of the past due principal and interest unless, as discussed in the Glossary entry for "Nonaccrual Status":

- (1) The asset has been modified to a borrower experiencing financial difficulty and qualifies for accrual status:
- (2) The asset is a purchased credit-impaired loan, pool of loans, or debt security accounted for in accordance with ASC Subtopic 310-30 and it meets the criteria for accrual of income under the interest method specified in that Subtopic; or
- (3) The borrower has resumed paying the full amount of the scheduled contractual interest and principal payments on a loan that is past due and in nonaccrual status, even though the loan has not been brought fully current, and certain repayment criteria are met.

For further information, see the Glossary entry for "Nonaccrual Status."

<u>Loan Modifications to Borrowers Experiencing Financial Difficulty</u> – Institutions are required for financial reporting purposes to disclose modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty if such modifications include principal forgiveness, an interest rate reduction, an other-than-insignificant payment delay, or a term extension (or a combination thereof). The amounts reported should include modifications that were accounted for as new loans in addition to modifications that were accounted for as a continuation of existing loans. Include only loans modified after the beginning of the fiscal year in which ASU No. 2022-02, "Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures," was adopted.

For further information, see the Glossary entry for "Loan Modifications to Borrowers Experiencing Financial Difficulty."

Column Instructions

The columns of Schedule RC-N are mutually exclusive. Any given loan, lease, debt security, or other asset should be reported in only one of columns A, B, and C. Information reported for any given derivative contract should be reported in only column A or column B.

Institutions should report asset amounts in columns A, B, and C without any deduction for applicable allowances for credit losses.

Report in columns A and B of Schedule RC-N (except for Memorandum item 6) the balance sheet amounts of (not just the delinquent payments on) loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets that are past due and upon which the bank continues to accrue interest, as follows:

- (1) In column A, report closed-end monthly installment loans, amortizing loans secured by real estate, lease financing receivables, and open-end credit in arrears two or three monthly payments; other multipayment obligations with payments scheduled other than monthly when one scheduled payment is due and unpaid for 30 through 89 days; single payment and demand notes, debt securities, and other assets providing for payment of interest at stated intervals after one interest payment is due and unpaid for 30 through 89 days; single payment notes, debt securities, and other assets providing for payment of interest at maturity, on which interest or principal remains unpaid for 30 through 89 days after maturity; unplanned overdrafts, whether or not the bank is accruing interest on them, if the account remains continuously overdrawn for 30 through 89 days.
- (2) In column B, report the loans, lease financing receivables, debt securities, and other assets as specified above on which payment is due and unpaid for 90 days or more.

Include in columns A and B, as appropriate (except for Memorandum item 6 on the FFIEC 031), all loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets which, subsequent to their restructuring by means of a modification of terms.

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Column Instructions (cont.)

have become 30 days or more past due and upon which the bank continues to accrue interest. Exclude from columns A and B all loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets that are in nonaccrual status.

Report in columns A and B of Memorandum item 6 the fair value, if positive, of all interest rate, foreign exchange rate, equity, and commodity and other derivative contracts on which a required payment by the bank's counterparty is due and unpaid for 30 through 89 days and due and unpaid for 90 days or more, respectively.

Report in column C the balance sheet amounts of loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets that are in nonaccrual status. Include all restructured loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets that are in nonaccrual status. However, restructured loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets with a zero percent effective interest rate are not to be reported in this column as nonaccrual assets.

Item Instructions

The loan and lease category definitions used in Schedule RC-N correspond with the loan and lease category definitions found in Schedule RC-C, part I. Consistent with Schedule RC-C, part I, the category-by-category breakdown of loans and leases in Schedule RC-N includes (1) loans and leases held for sale and (2) loans and leases held for investment, i.e., loans and leases that the bank has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff.

Item No. Caption and Instructions

- 1 <u>Loans secured by real estate.</u> Report in the appropriate subitem and column all loans secured by real estate included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- 1.a Construction, land development, and other land loans (in domestic offices). Report in the appropriate subitem and column the amount of all construction, land development, and other land loans (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.a, column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **1.a.(1) 1-4 family residential construction loans.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all 1-4 family residential construction loans (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.a.(1), column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **Other construction loans and all land development and other land loans.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all other construction loans and all land development and other land loans (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.a.(2), column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **Secured by farmland (in domestic offices).** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans secured by farmland (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.b, column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- 1.c Secured by 1-4 family residential properties (in domestic offices). Report in the appropriate subitem and column the amount of all loans secured by 1-4 family residential properties (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.c, column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

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1.c.(1) Revolving, open-end loans secured by 1-4 family residential properties and extended under lines of credit. Report in the appropriate column the amount outstanding under all revolving, open-end loans secured by 1-to-4 family residential properties and extended under lines of credit (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.c.(1), column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

- 1.c.(2) Closed-end loans secured by 1-4 family residential properties. Report in the appropriate subitem and column the amount of all closed-end loans secured by 1-to-4 family residential properties (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.c.(2), column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **1.c.(2)(a)** Secured by first liens. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all closed-end loans secured by first liens on 1-to-4 family residential properties (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.c.(2)(a), column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **Secured by junior liens.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all closed-end loans secured by junior liens on 1-to-4 family residential properties (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.c.(2)(b), column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Include loans secured by junior liens in this item even if the bank also holds a loan secured by a first lien on the same 1-to-4 family residential property and there are no intervening junior liens.
- 1.d Secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties (in domestic offices). Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.d, column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- 1.e Secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties (in domestic offices). Report in the appropriate subitem and column the amount of all loans secured by nonfarm residential properties (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.e, column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **Loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.e.(1), column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **Loans secured by other nonfarm nonresidential properties.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of loans secured by other nonfarm nonresidential properties (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1.e.(2), column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

NOTE: Item 1.f is not applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form.

- **1.f** In foreign offices. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans secured by real estate in foreign offices included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 1, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- 2 <u>Loans to depository institutions and acceptances of other banks.</u> Report on the FFIEC 041 in the appropriate column and on the FFIEC 031 in the appropriate subitem and column the amount of all loans to depository institutions and acceptances of other banks

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included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 2, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

NOTE: Items 2.a, 2.b, and 3 are not applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form.

- **To U.S. banks and other U.S. depository institutions.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of loans to and acceptances of U.S. banks and other U.S. depository institutions included in Schedule RC-C, part I, items 2.a.(2), 2.b, and 2.c.(1), column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **To foreign banks.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans to and acceptances of foreign banks included in Schedule RC-C, part I, items 2.a.(1) and 2.c.(2), column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- Loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 3, column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- Commercial and industrial loans. Report on the FFIEC 041 in the appropriate column and on the FFIEC 031 in the appropriate subitem and column the amount of all commercial and industrial loans included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 4, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

NOTE: Items 4.a and 4.b are not applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form.

- 4.a <u>To U.S. addressees (domicile).</u> Report in the appropriate column the amount of all commercial and industrial loans to U.S. addressees included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 4.a, column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **To non-U.S. addressees (domicile).** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all commercial and industrial loans to non-U.S. addressees included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 4.b, column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- Loans to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures. Report in the appropriate subitem and column the amount of all loans to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures (i.e., consumer loans) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 6, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **Credit cards.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all extensions of credit to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures arising from credit cards included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 6.a, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- **Automobile loans.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of loans arising from retail sales of passenger cars and other vehicles such as minivans, vans, sport-utility vehicles, pickup trucks, and similar light trucks for personal use included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 6.c, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

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Other. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all other loans to individuals for 5.c household, family, and other personal expenditures included in Schedule RC-C, part I, items 6.b and 6.d, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

NOTE: Item 6 is not applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form.

- 6 Loans to foreign governments and official institutions. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans to foreign governments and official institutions included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 7, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- 7 **All other loans.** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all:
 - obligations (other than securities and leases) of states and political subdivisions in the U.S. included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 8;
 - loans to nondepository financial institutions and other loans included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 9; and
 - on the FFIEC 041 only, all loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 3,

that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

8 Lease financing receivables (net of unearned income). Report on the FFIEC 041 in the appropriate column and on the FFIEC 031 in the appropriate subitem and column the amount of all lease financing receivables (net of unearned income) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 10, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.

NOTE: Items 8.a and 8.b are not applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form.

- 8.a Leases to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all leases (net of unearned income) to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 10.a, column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- 8.b All other leases. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all other leases (net of unearned income) included in Schedule RC-C, part I, item 10.b, column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date.
- 9 Total loans and leases. For columns A through C, report the sum of items 1.a.(1) through 8.b on the FFIEC 031, and the sum of items 1.a.(1) through item 8 on the FFIEC 041.
- 10 Debt securities and other assets. Report in the appropriate column all assets other than loans and leases reportable in Schedule RC-C that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Include such assets as debt securities and interest-bearing balances due from depository institutions. Also include operating lease payments receivable that have been recorded as assets in Schedule RC, item 11, when the operating lease is past due 30 days or more or in nonaccrual status.

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10 Exclude other real estate owned reportable in Schedule RC, item 7, and other repossessed (cont.) assets reportable in Schedule RC, item 11, such as automobiles, boats, equipment, appliances, and similar personal property.

Loans and leases reported in items 1 through 8 above that are wholly or partially guaranteed by the U.S. Government, excluding loans and leases covered by loss-sharing agreements with the FDIC. Report in the appropriate column the aggregate amount of all loans and leases reported in Schedule RC-N, items 1 through 8, above for which repayment of principal is wholly or partially guaranteed or insured by the U.S. Government, including its agencies and its government-sponsored agencies, but excluding loans and leases covered by loss-sharing agreements with the FDIC, which are reported in Schedule RC-N, item 12, below. Examples include loans guaranteed by the Small Business Administration and the Federal Housing Administration. Amounts need not be reported in this item and in items 11.a and 11.b below if they are considered immaterial.

<u>Exclude</u> from this item loans and leases guaranteed or insured by state or local governments, state or local government agencies, foreign (non-U.S.) governments, and private agencies or organizations. Also <u>exclude</u> loans and leases collateralized by securities issued by the U.S. Government, including its agencies and its government-sponsored agencies.

Guaranteed portion of loans and leases included in item 11 above, excluding rebooked "GNMA loans." Report in the appropriate column the maximum amount recoverable from the U.S. Government, including its agencies and its government-sponsored agencies, under the guarantee or insurance provisions applicable to the loans and leases included in Schedule RC-N, item 11, above.

Seller-servicers of GNMA loans should exclude all delinquent rebooked GNMA loans that have been repurchased or are eligible for repurchase from this item (report such rebooked GNMA loans in item 11.b below). Servicers of GNMA loans should exclude individual delinquent loans (for which they were not the transferor) that they have purchased out of GNMA securitizations from this item (report such purchased GNMA loans in item 11.b below).

- 11.b Rebooked "GNMA loans" that have been repurchased or are eligible for repurchase included in item 11 above. Report in the appropriate column the amount included in Schedule RC-N, item 11, of:
 - Delinquent rebooked GNMA loans that have been repurchased or are eligible for repurchase by seller-servicers of GNMA loans; and
 - (2) Delinquent loans that have been purchased out of GNMA securitizations by servicers of GNMA loans that were not the transferors of the loans.

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Portion of covered loans and leases included in item 9 above that is protected by FDIC loss-sharing agreements. Report in the appropriate column the maximum amount recoverable from the FDIC under loss-sharing agreements covering the past due and nonaccrual loans and leases reported in Schedule RC-N, item 9, above beyond the amount that has already been reflected in the measurement of the reporting bank's indemnification asset, which represents the right to receive payments from the FDIC under the loss-sharing agreement. Amounts need not be reported in this item if they are considered immaterial.

In general, the maximum amount recoverable from the FDIC on covered past due and nonaccrual loans and leases is the recorded amount of these loans and leases, as reported in Schedule RC-N, item 9, multiplied by the currently applicable loss coverage rate (e.g., 80 percent or 95 percent). This product will normally be the maximum amount recoverable because reimbursements from the FDIC for covered losses related to the amount by which the "book value" of a covered asset on the failed institution's books (which is the amount upon which payments under an FDIC loss-sharing agreement are based) exceeds the amount at which the reporting bank reports the covered asset on Schedule RC, Balance Sheet, should already have been taken into account in measuring the carrying amount of the reporting bank's loss-sharing indemnification asset, which is reported in Schedule RC-F, item 6, "All other assets."

Memoranda

Item No. Caption and Instructions

Loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty included in Schedule RC-N, items 1 through 7, above. Report in the appropriate subitem and column loans that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty (as described in "Definitions" above) and, under their modified repayment terms, are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans will have been included in one or more of the loan categories in items 1 through 7 of this schedule. Exclude loans modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty that are in compliance with their modified terms (report in Schedule RC-C, Part I, Memorandum item 1).

For further information, see the Glossary entry for "Loan Modifications to Borrowers Experiencing Financial Difficulty."

- 1.a Construction, land development, and other land loans (in domestic offices):
- **1.a.(1) 1.a.(1) 1.a.(1)**Report in the appropriate column all loans secured by real estate for the purpose of constructing 1-4 family residential properties included in item 1.a.(1) of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.
- 1.a.(2) Other construction loans and all land development and other land loans. Report in the appropriate column all construction loans for purposes other than constructing 1-4 family residential properties, all land development loans, and all other land loans included in item 1.a.(2) of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.
- **1.b**Loans secured by 1-4 family residential properties (in domestic offices). Report in the appropriate column all loans secured by 1-4 family residential properties (in domestic offices) included in item 1.c of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.
- 1.c Loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties (in domestic offices).

 Report in the appropriate column all loans secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential properties (in domestic offices) included in item 1.d of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.
- 1.d <u>Secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties (in domestic offices:</u>
- **Loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties.** Report in the appropriate column all loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties included in item 1.e.(1) of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.
- **Loans secured by other nonfarm nonresidential properties.** Report in the appropriate column all nonfarm nonresidential real estate loans not secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties included in item 1.e.(2) of this schedule that have modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.

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1.e <u>Commercial and industrial loans.</u> Report all commercial and industrial loans included in item 4 of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. On the FFIEC 041, all banks should report the total of these modified loans in Memorandum item 1.e, and banks with \$300 million or more in total assets should also report in Memorandum items 1.e.(1) and (2) a breakdown of these modified loans between those loans to U.S. and non-U.S. addressees. On the FFIEC 031, all banks should report a breakdown of these modified loans between those to U.S. and non-U.S. addressees for the fully consolidated bank in Memorandum items 1.e.(1) and (2).

NOTE: Memorandum items 1.e.(1) and 1.e.(2) are <u>not</u> applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report forms that have less than \$300 million in total assets.

- **To U.S. addressees (domicile).** On the FFIEC 041, report in the appropriate column all commercial and industrial loans to U.S. addressees included in Memorandum item 1.e of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. On the FFIEC 031, report in the appropriate column all commercial and industrial loans to U.S. addressees included in item 4.a of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.
- 1.e.(2) To non-U.S. addressees (domicile). On the FFIEC 041, report in the appropriate column all commercial and industrial loans to non-U.S. addressees included in Memorandum item 3.c of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. On the FFIEC 031, report in the appropriate column all commercial and industrial loans to non-U.S. addressees included in item 4.b of this schedule that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.
 - **All other loans.** Report in the appropriate column all other loans that cannot properly be reported in Schedule RC-N, Memorandum items 1.a through 1.e, above that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. Include in the appropriate column of this item all loans in the following categories that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty:
 - (1) Loans secured by farmland (in domestic offices) included in Schedule RC-N, item 1.b;
 - (2) Loans to depository institutions and acceptances of other banks included in Schedule RC-N, item 2;
 - (3) Loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers included in Schedule RC-N, item 7 on the FFIEC 041 and item 3 on the FFIEC 31;
 - (4) Consumer credit cards included in Schedule RC-N, item 5.a;
 - (5) Consumer automobile loans included in Schedule RC-N, item 5.b;
 - (6) Other consumer loans included in Schedule RC-N, items 5.c;
 - (7) On the FFIEC 031, loans to foreign governments and official institutions included in Schedule RC-N, item 6;

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1.f (cont.)

- (8) Obligations (other than securities and leases) of states and political subdivisions in the U.S. included in Schedule RC-N, item 7;
- (9) Loans to nondepository financial institutions and other loans included in Schedule RC-N, item 7; and
- (10) On the FFIEC 031, loans secured by real estate in foreign offices included in Schedule RC-N, item 1.f.

For loans in the following loan categories within "All other loans" that have been modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty, report the amount of such modified loans in the appropriate subitem of Schedule RC-N, Memorandum item 1.f, if the dollar amount of such modified loans in that loan category exceeds 10 percent of total loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty that are not in compliance with their modified terms (i.e., 10 percent of the sum of Schedule RC-N, Memorandum items 1.a through 1.f, on the FFIEC 031; 10 percent of the sum of Schedule RC-N, Memorandum items 1.a through 1.e plus Memorandum item 1.f, on the FFIEC 041):

- Memorandum item 1.f.(1), "Loans secured by farmland (in domestic offices)";
- Memorandum item 1.f.(3) on the FFIEC 031, "Loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers";
- Memorandum item 1.f.(4)(a), Consumer "Credit cards";
- Memorandum item 1.f.(4)(b), Consumer "Automobile loans";
- Memorandum item 1.f.(4)(c), "Other" consumer loans; and
- Memorandum item 1.f.(5) on the FFIEC 041, "Loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers," for banks with \$300 million or more in total assets and banks with less than \$300 million in total assets that have loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers (Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 3) exceeding five percent of total loans and leases held for investment and held for sale (Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 12).
- 1.g Total loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty included in Schedule RC-N, items 1 through 7, above. On the FFIEC 031, for columns A through C, report the sum of Memorandum items 1.a.(1) through 1.f. Exclude amounts reported in Memorandum items 1.f.(1) through 1.f.(5) when calculating the total in this Memorandum item 1.g.

On the FFIEC 041, for columns A through C, report the sum of Memorandum items 1.a.(1) through 1.e plus 1.f. Exclude amounts reported in Memorandum items 1.e.(1), 1.e.(2), and 1.f.(1) through 1.f.(5) when calculating the total in this Memorandum item 1.g.

Loans to finance commercial real estate, construction, and land development activities included in Schedule RC-N, items 4 and 7, above. Report in the appropriate column the amount of loans to finance commercial real estate, construction, and land development activities not secured by real estate included in Schedule RC-C, Part I, Memorandum item 3, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans will have been included in items 4 and 7 of Schedule RC-N above. Exclude from this item all loans secured by real estate included in item 1 of Schedule RC-N above.

NOTE: Memorandum item 3 is not applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form.

Loans secured by real estate to non-U.S. addressees (domicile). Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans secured by real estate to non-U.S. addressees that are 30 days or more past due or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans will have been included in Schedule RC-N, items 1.a through 1.f, above.

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NOTE: Memorandum items 3.a through 3.d are <u>not</u> applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 031 report form. On the FFIEC 041 report form, Memorandum items 3.a through 3.d are <u>not</u> applicable to banks that have less than \$300 million in total assets.

- 3.a <u>Loans secured by real estate to non-U.S. addressees (domicile).</u> Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans secured by real estate to non-U.S. addressees that are 30 days or more past due or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans will have been included in Schedule RC-N, items 1.a through 1.e, above.
- 3.b Loans to and acceptances of foreign banks. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans to and acceptances of U.S. branches and agencies of foreign banks included in Schedule RC-C, Part I, items 2.a, column A, and all loans to and acceptances of other banks in foreign countries included in Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 2.c, column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans and acceptances will have been included in Schedule RC-N, item 2, above.
- **Commercial and industrial loans to non-U.S. addressees (domicile).** Report in the appropriate column the amount of all commercial and industrial loans to non-U.S. addressees included in Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 4.b, column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans will have been included in Schedule RC-N, item 4, above.
- 3.d Leases to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all leases to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures (net of unearned income) included in Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 10.a, column A, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such leases will have been included in Schedule RC-N, item 8, above.

NOTE: Memorandum item 4 is <u>not</u> applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 031 report form. On the FFIEC 041 report form, Memorandum item 4 is to be completed by:

- banks with \$300 million or more in total assets, and
- banks with less than \$300 million in total assets that have loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers, as defined for Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 3, column B, exceeding five percent of total loans and leases held for investment and held for sale (Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 12).
- Loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers included in Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 3, column B, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans will have been included in Schedule RC-N, item 7, above.
- Loans and leases held for sale. Report in the appropriate column the carrying amount of all loans and leases classified as held for sale included in Schedule RC, item 4.a, which are reported at the lower of cost or fair value or at fair value under a fair value option, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans and leases will have been included in one or more of the loan and lease categories in items 1 through 8 of Schedule RC-N above and would, therefore, exclude any loans classified as trading assets and included in Schedule RC, item 5.

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NOTE: Memorandum item 6 is not applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form.

Derivative contracts: Fair value of amounts carried as assets. Report in the appropriate column the fair value of all credit derivative contracts (as defined for Schedule RC-L, item 7) and all interest rate, foreign exchange rate, equity, and commodity and other derivative contracts (as defined for Schedule RC-L, item 12) on which a required payment by the bank's counterparty is past due 30 days or more as of the report date.

NOTE: Memorandum items 7 and 8 are to be completed semiannually in the June and December reports only.

- Additions to nonaccrual assets during the previous six months. Report the aggregate amount of all loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets (net of unearned income) that have been placed in nonaccrual status during the six months ending on the semiannual (i.e., June 30 or December 31) report date for this item. Include those assets placed in nonaccrual status during this six month period that are included as of the current report date in Schedule RC-N, column C, items 1 through 8 and 10. Also include those assets placed in nonaccrual status during this six month period that, before the current semiannual report date for this item, have been sold, paid off, charged-off, settled through foreclosure or concession of collateral (or any other disposition of the nonaccrual asset) or have been returned to accrual status. In other words, the aggregate amount of assets placed in nonaccrual status since the prior semiannual report date that should be reported in this item should not be reduced, for example, by any charge-offs or sales of such nonaccrual assets. If a given asset is placed in nonaccrual status more than once during the six month period ending on the current semiannual report date, report the amount of the asset only once.
- Nonaccrual assets sold during the previous six months. Report the total of the outstanding balances of all loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets held in nonaccrual status (i.e., reportable in Schedule RC-N, column C, items 1 through 8 and 10) that were sold during the six months ending on the semiannual (i.e., June 30 or December 31) report date for this item. The amount to be included in this item is the outstanding balance (net of unearned income) of each nonaccrual asset at the time of its sale. Do not report the sales price of the nonaccrual assets and do not include any gains or losses from the sale. For purposes of this item, only include those transfers of nonaccrual assets that meet the criteria for a sale as set forth in ASC Topic 860, Transfers and Servicing (formerly FASB Statement No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities," as amended). For further information, see the Glossary entry for "transfers of financial assets."
- Loans to nondepository financial institutions included in Schedule RC-N, item 7. Report in the appropriate column the amount of all loans to nondepository financial institutions included in Schedule RC-C, Part I, item 9.a, that are past due 30 days or more or are in nonaccrual status as of the report date. Such loans will have been included in Schedule RC-N, item 7.

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