# FDIC Records—Additional Correspondence Related to Crypto-Related Activities

# February 21, 2025

This release includes eight records consisting of additional FDIC correspondence and other records involving the crypto-related activities of regulated institutions.



on Division of Risk Management Supervision

January	15	
January	15,	

Board of Directors

Members of the Board:

On December 10, you submitted information supporting your
Please be advised that the FDIC has reviewed the submitted information regarding
Based upon your current risk profile,
If you have an <u>v questions, you may</u> contact Assistant Regional Director
Case Manager

Sincerely,

Regional Director

cc:



# CONTROLLED//FDIC INTERNAL ONLY

Federal Deposit Insurance C	corporation
	January 15,
MEMORANDUM TO:	Regional Director
THROUGH:	Deputy Regional Director
	Assistant Regional Director
FROM:	Case Manager
SUBJECT:	
BACKGROUND	
The subject bank	
an the findings of a	The based
on the findings of a	which found the AML/CFT and
pr	oduct lines.
and engaging new relations examination Examination with most Examination, the bank hired improving the institution's Examination Examination initial efforts and plans, tho due to lack of com- based on w over differences of opinion AML staff, and providing	ation) identified and found the AML program to be In response to the In response to the I

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In December When	2	contracted with nted, the bank was	who curren	ntly serves as the BSAO.
		umstances and only fo	As such,	his contract.
	possess suffic	ient experience and co		on to the bank's FinTech
seek another in		d the program.		The bank backed out
of		with the	Board sta <u>ting its i</u>	ntention
Up	on the	expiration, the ban	k renewed As part of the	contract for another
Safety ar	nd Soundness E	Examination Ex		ners communicated that the oposed for another contract
extension.				

#### CONDITION OF THE INSTITUTION

The Examination, as noted above, continued to of the Bank Secrecy Act (BSA) and found the AML program to be The Examination has found that many of the efforts had initiated were not finalized and certain procedures were not maintained, and the program continues to be Since the Examination, the bank has significantly expanded its activity through several FinTech relationships, both new and existing. In addition to AML-based criticisms, examiners have found a concerning level of operational issues related to the various FinTech business lines. Some of these operational issues impact examiners' assessment of the bank's level of responsibility for AML monitoring and reporting. This assessment is different than prior examinations based upon the bank's inaccurate representations of the processes and payment flows under which these programs function.

# ANALYSIS OF





Examination ROE concluded that bank was in \_\_\_\_\_ with It also stated that the AML program was satisfactory, though listed

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AML-specific **Control** The **Control** Examination noted FinTech relationships, with IT-related **Concerning due diligence over partners that had indirect** crypto involvement. Despite referencing due diligence, the **Control** did not include practices that appeared to reflect AML program deficiencies. The bank "paused" crypto-related relationships and only retained what appears to be a single FinTech relationship for a **Control** platform.





ATE:	September 18,	2022
AIC;	September 18,	2023



SUBJECT: Interim Bank Contact – Monthly Conference Call

Representatives of	, the Federal Deposit Insurance C	Corporation (FDIC), the
	, and the Federal Reserv	e Bank (FRB)
meet monthly to discuss ongoing sig	nificant activities of the	the bank, and
This file men	no summarizes attendance and disc	ussion topics for today's

meeting.

#### Meeting Attendees





Central Point of Contact

Discussion Topics

FRB:

New Chief Audit Executive



#### AML/CFT Target Review Update

Chief FinTech Risk & AML Officer and CRO provided a brief update on the AML/CFT target review. They are developing detailed management responses to the findings discussed during the recent exit meeting. The responses will be shared with the Committee and then forwarded to the regulators in the next few days.

#### Termination & Deconversion

stated that the second wind down process continues as expected. All second bitcoin accounts have been liquidated as of the second second bitcoin Funds are now in the second cash accounts. As of cash accounts hold a balance greater than \$0, with aggregate balances totaling Of the second counts, second them do not have a linked account. Bank staff is reaching out to these customers. Second noted the bank's goal is to have all cash accounts closed and funds returned to customers by

#### Banking-as-a-Service

the briefly discussed the bank's and and relationships. A second activity remains steady and consistent, which is typical for the bank is continuing to see steady low levels of growth in the average balances of the bank accounts. Customer control activity on the debit cards will continue to slowly decrease balances remain stable, with the bank continuing to nudge the company to move to another bank

partner.

In response to further questioning by account regarding explanation for "inactive" and "unfunded" account closings, CRC account stated that unfunded accounts are closed after one year. At one point, account had over accounts, but the longer an account remains dormant the greater possibility of fraud. Therefore, the bank established procedures with

to close accounts that were never funded, which brought the number of accounts down to approximately The bank is working with to develop procedures to close inactive accounts.

# **Regulatory** September 2023

- BSA Target Exam Update,
- Termination & Deconversion,
- Banking as a Service Updates,

# AGENDA

# **Termination & Deconversion**



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OFFICE	MEMORANDUM	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Division of Risk Management Supervision
		9/27/2024
TO:	Correspondence File	
FROM:	Case Manager	
SUBJECT:	Discussion with	VP
Case Manage	r called VP/BSA Offic	er on 9/26/24 to respond to questions she

Her email posed the following questions:

posed to Compliance examiner

"We have a **potential customer** who is a Bitcoin or virtual currency broker and they want to open an account with us for just their **commission fees**. They are not an issuer or an exchanger. There is some involvement in **the second**, which is an online casino. The way it has been explained to me is virtual currency is used as payment to **the second** and the money from the transactions goes to three different attorneys' IOLTA accounts. From there, funds are disbursed to the fee account (that our potential customer wants to open with us), and to other accounts at other banks that handle different aspects of the transactions. I am told we are expecting transactions monthly, and they will be wires from the IOLTA accounts <u>not</u> held with our bank. Our bank president is the one who has been talking with the potential customer. I have talked to him about the potential for money laundering, etc. with virtual currencies. Other than those BSA implications, is there anything else we need to worry about? We are wanting to make sure we are not taking on more risk than what we want. Is there any guidance at all FDIC can

via email on 9/13/24.

Case Manager discussed this issue with the regional case manager, a regional IT specialist, and the DCP case manager for the bank. During his call with he communicated various concerns and potential risks those contacts revealed. He highlighted the importance of performing thorough and ongoing customer due diligence, including questioning why the customer chose the bank to approach. He mentioned the relationship presents various aspects which may pose high risk for the bank. He noted the critical need for the bank to understand where funds were coming from and going to, and he mentioned the need for bank counsel to satisfy questions about the legality of the activity. He also referenced the potential need for policies and procedures to address Regulation GG, which may be applicable as the activity is related to gambling. He informed about the 2023 Joint Statement concerning cryto currency activities as a possible reference also shared potential It concerns such as account access, wire transfer controls, source. CM reconcilement of activities, etc. stated the bank has opened the account but no activity has closed the call with an offer to assist with any further questions occurred as yet. CM may gave in the future.

FEDERAL DEPOSIT	INSURANCE CORPORATION
DATE:	January 14, 2025
то:	Bank File
FROM:	
SUBJECT:	Memo to File – Regional Office Meeting with

The purpose of this memo to file is to document the meeting of the management with the FDIC at the on January 14, 2025. This file memo summarizes attendance and discussion topics for today's meeting.

# Meeting Attendees

FDIC:	, Regional Director (RMS) Deputy Regional Director (RMS) , Deputy Regional Director (DCP) Assistant Regional Director (RMS) Assistant Regional Director (DCP) Case Manager (RMS) Review Examiner (DCP)
Virtual:	Field Supervisor, FDIC Supervisory Examiner, FDIC Examiner in Charge, FDIC Special Assistant to <u>Regional Di</u> rector, FDIC

# 2022-2023 Report of Examination Response

New CRO presented slides that mirror written ROE response in RADD dated November 22, 2024. Bank management asserts that provisions within the MOU have been remediated. CRO also noted that management has remediated all supervisory recommendations listed in the 2022-2023 ROE and
Management noted that they have implemented changes to their reporting structure to address CEO . RD reiterated during discussions that the
FDIC Updates
DRD committed to issuing outstanding Supervisory Letters from the 2023-2024 Supervisory Cycle within 30-45 days of this meeting. RD
ARD noted that this meeting would serve as the RO's 1 <sup>st</sup> quarter touchpoint with bank

management, and that a  $2^{nd}$  quarter meeting would be arranged by CM

# Attachments:

FDIC - January 14 Meeting Deck.pdf

# Greatly Reduced its Risk by Terminating Client Program Relationships with Digital Assets Clients

- As noted in the ROE, the deficiencies that resulted in the were largely associated with relationships with digital assets clients
- In made the decision to exit its fintech program relationships with these clients
- Management actively chose to value prudent risk management over profit potential

<b>Risk Mitigation Action</b>	Status
1. Client off-boarding	<ul> <li>client program closed in client program client program closed in client program client progr</li></ul>
2. Discontinued onboarding of any new digital asset clients	As of the second s
3. Liquidity Risk Management	<ul> <li><u>On Balance Sheet</u>: The balance sheet of approximately to be the balance sheet of approximately to be the balance sheet has experienced both a decrease in asset size and a reduction in potentially volatile liabilities. As of the balance sheet.</li> <li><u>Funding:</u> treasury team continues to manage funding/liquidity following the termination of the balance Client Program account relationship.</li> </ul>
4. risk reduction	No new digital assets     will be added without Board approval.

# is in full compliance

- The FDIC Enforcement Manual states orders may be considered for termination where "[t]he IDI is in full compliance with all the provisions of the order and has fully corrected the violations of laws and regulations, unsafe and unsound practices, or conditions that led to the issuance of the order"
- has fully corrected the violations of laws and regulations, unsafe and unsound practices, or conditions that were identified by the FDIC

# has dramatically reduced its risk profile

- Chapter 4-6 states that orders should be terminated where "[a]ny provisions deemed "not in compliance" have become outdated or irrelevant to the IDI's current circumstances...."
- As terminated its relationships with digital assets clients much of the issues associated with the second are outdated or irrelevant to the Bank's current circumstances
# Which has Allowed us to Weather Major Deposit Outflows



With process and planning, cash and liquidity positions remain well within policy



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meeting.

Meeting Attendees

FDIC:

Senior Case Manager (RMS) , Supervisory Examiner (RMS) Examiner-In-Charge (RMS) , Special Activities Case Manager (RMS) nformation Technology Examination Analyst (RMS) Acting Supervisory Examiner (DCP)

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	Review Examiner (DCP) Examiner (DCP)
FRB:	Central Point of Contact

Discussion Topics

Implementation Plan Update

Chief FinTech Risk & AML Officer provided a brief update regarding the **activation** Implementation Plan. As of 11/16/2023, the bank had completed 51% of the **activation** progress and 25% not yet started. The attached slide deck notes that data warehousing is in the release and **activation** tuning is in process of implementation. **Activation** stated that, since the deck was prepared, the date warehouse moved to the **activation** release and **activation** tuning is complete. She noted that 80% of the tasks will be completed by 12/31/2023 and 98% will be completed by 3/31/2024. **Activation** stated the team is "picking up its sea legs" with the bank now having **activation** positions in risk management filled, compared to **activation** 3Q22.

#### AML/CFT Program Enhancements Currently Operational

The slide deck summarizes enhancements to the AML/CFT program. stated that a number of stopgap measures have been implemented to alleviate concern until the enhancements are completed. She also pointed out that a majority of AML leadership comes from companies. She noted the bank had analysts devoted to companies or in March and today they have Most quality control staff members were in place on 8/31/2023, and she believes the bank now has a deep bench of talent. stressed that a lot of cross discussion among teams is helping with succession planning and they have also implemented a formal training program. She pointed out that the seats were filled within the projected time and all are quality hires. Many of the new hires had worked together at other institutions or knew each other. stated that one component of the recruiting strategy is to hire people that the bank knows. The team is now dedicated to both the lines, eliminating th<u>e previ</u>ous silos. The bank still has contracted staff members, with dedicated to . The goal is to roll those off as soon as possible.

#### Digital Asset Risk Mitigation

vertical. The briefly discussed the actions taken by management to reduce its risk in the digital assets vertical. The base placed a cap on digital asset-related deposits to the off total deposits, and the wind-down of the provide relationship is complete. He also noted that the bank plans to reduce the number of transactions with the transcupports. Lastly, he stated that the bank has added no new digital asset clients even though several have reached out to the bank. They began researching alerts two weeks ago and expect to finish in January.

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and every three weeks with the Audit Committee. To date, the firm has not reported any substantial concerns.

Banking-as-a-Service

briefly discussed the bank's He specifically noted that the bank is working with	and relationships. to help them grow. The increase in
After one year, the bank closes accounts with a zer bank is still working through the process of developing proced to close dormant accounts. Regarding for the program informally n did not want to renew the program and for should migrate t process of getting its program reviewed by a number of other b program transferred by the end of the year, but January. If it is not migrated by then, for intends to close the on businesses that will drive profitability and exiting relationsh	ures with a second regarding when otified the company in August that it o another sponsor bank. The second is in banks. The bank has been focused

# Implementation Plan Update

#### **Executive Summary**

Overall Summary: Internet is addressing key areas of BSA/AML program across financial crimes prevention, detection and investigation, Implementation) is underway to implement Policies and Procedures, onboard and train staff, enhance monitoring systems, and complete independent testing and validation of issue remediation. Proactive improvements to the Fintech Risk program, policies, procedures and practices are also included in the scope of the

Key Accomplishments & Updates	
On Track       • Completed Employee Hiring;         People       • Completed Temporary Staffing: Engaged for staff augmentation, system runing, and lookback.         • Training In Process: Completed policy and procedure training as of August 31, 2023. Job aid training to be completed late November.	On Track       • Job Aids: Job aids complete and ready for validation and deployment early December 2023.         Process       • Lookback: FDIC review of the plan is in process
On Track       • Transaction Monitoring: Two rules live with Live with all On December 1, 2023. Business and functional requirements developed for issuing and payments         Technology       • New Case Management System: Selected Se	Con Track Testing and Validation Audit Committee approved the annual audit for the BSA/AML program Internal Audit: Coordinate validation / testing work with
Risks and issues         • Dependencies on vendors for implementation of new technology solutions         • Changing regulatory expectations around Bank/Fintech partnershins         • Pressure on Fintech Industry verticals, including Crypto and Crypto an	Upcoming Activities   People: Job ald deployment  Process: Lookback: Fintech client risk assessments  Tech: Testing phase for  Testing: Validation

# **AML/CFT Enhancements Currently Operational**

We have summarized the enhancements to our AML/CFT program that have been put into place and are durrently operational, which include a combination of target state controls and stop-gap measures designed to enhance our monitoring until all of the target state technology and processes are implemented.

# **INTERNAL CONTROLS:** Management has improved the quality of alerts reviews, case investigations and through enhancements to:

- <u>Staffing</u>:
  - <u>Full-time AML/CFT Employees</u>: The AML/CFT function is fully staffed with employees as of September 15, and added additional Compliance testers in October. The leadership team is highly qualified with over 120 years of AML/CFT experience.
  - <u>Staff Augmentation</u>: Increased staff monitoring for activity from in March 2023, to today as a stop-gap measure until the target state technology is fully implemented.
  - <u>Fintech Risk Oversight</u>: Hired a with over 30 years of combined AML experience, who created new policies and procedures, and are performing reviews of clients. Completed AML reviews of clients covering % of total transaction volume and % of high-brand-risk volume.
  - <u>Succession</u>: With a deep bench of talent across all of our AML/CFT functions, we now have robust succession options.
- Policies and Procedures: New policies and procedures were developed, and employee training has been completed.
- Quality Control: The quality of QC reviews has also improved with a newly formed trained team with QC experience that is dedicated to and focused only on QC.
  - New staff are focused on QC reviews of
     and CTR's.
    - and CTR's are reviewed by more than one QC analyst.

# **AML/CFT Enhancements Currently Operational**

## CIP Collection & Verification: target state CIP program has been fully implemented as of October 15.

- Completed the transition of certain CIP responsibilities to first-line deposit operations teams.
- Completed the transition of CIP oversight and escalation from the Fraud & Identity Team to the BSA/AML Customer Due Diligence team as of September 15.

# Suspicious Activity Monitoring & Reporting: While much of the new technology for transaction monitoring has not yet been implemented, target state enhancements for certain areas are complete, and stop-gap measures have been implemented for others, including:

Tuning of both the was completed and changes were implemented as of November 1. instances of and Target-state AML/CFT transaction monitoring for was live and in production as of November 1. with AML/CFT program was completed as of October 18 and was rated A comprehensive review of activity from in March 2023 to today as a stop-gap measure until the target state technology is fully implemented. This Increased staff monitoring for % increase in Requests for Information to drove a to facilitate investigations Developed and documented standards to ensure filing is completed within the required 30-day timeframe. Reporting and QC is in place to ensure compliance with the standards. Through the combination of transaction monitoring (rated ) and the transaction monitoring that has been implemented, is now at target state AML/CFT monitoring of with

#### Model Governance

- Developed and implemented a model governance framework as of August 11, 2023, including a change management process.
- Led by
   with 10 years of experience.

# **Digital Asset Risk Mitigation**

<b>Risk Mitigation Action</b>	Status	
1. Liquidity Risk Management	<ul> <li><u>Off Balance Sheet</u>: are held off balance sheet as of November 15</li> <li><u>On Balance Sheet</u> - are held on balance sheet as of November 15.</li> <li>Ilimits Digital Asset on balance sheet deposits to % of total deposits</li> </ul>	
2. Savings Terminated	<ul> <li>and mutually agreed to terminate</li> <li>Wind-down is complete and all funds were returned to customers</li> </ul>	
<ol> <li>Exited smaller, non-strategic digital asset relationships</li> </ol>	Exited and Accounts are all closed	
4. transaction monitoring	<ul> <li>We are evaluating options to reduce transactions processed with the by limiting the number of that the supports</li> <li>Implemented AML stop-gap measures with increased AML resources assigned to review transaction activity, from in March to currently</li> <li>Implemented additional controls to restrict international wires and wire activity with states where the does not have account relationships</li> </ul>	
5. Perform lookback of transactional activity	<ul> <li>In the process of performing the lookback review</li> <li>The review of alerts and case investigations is expected to continue through January 2024</li> </ul>	
6. risk reduction	<ul> <li>Terminated of through</li> <li>In November, we declined new Crypto through and no new Crypto have been onboarded since March 2023</li> </ul>	


Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Division of Risk Management Supervision Chicago Regional Office 300 South Riverside Plaza, Suite 1700 Chicago, IL 60606 Telephone: (312) 382-7500



February 26, 2024



## Subject: Planned Banking as a Service Activity

Dear Directors:

The FDIC and the precently completed the December 12, 2023 joint examination, at which examiners discussed the bank's strategic initiative to offer "Banking as a Service" (BaaS) to fintech businesses in an effort to provide another source of deposit funding. The service will provide deposit accounts used for business operations of, or processing ACH payments, via fintech organizations. Management conveyed that the bank will not be targeting any crypto-related or marijuana-related fintech businesses.

Management is in process of developing the operational and risk management framework, with implementation of the initial fintech partner targeted for second quarter 2024. Examiners identified considerable initial progress in that regard, but much still needs to be accomplished. Below are key recommendations that examiners discussed with management throughout the examination and at a post-examination meeting on January 18, 2024:

- Finalize thorough written policies and procedures commensurate with the risk and complexity of the activity. Areas identified in the draft policy that would benefit from expanded coverage include clearly defined responsibilities, duties, and authorities, including for the fintech approval processes; thorough description of processes and criteria for risk assessments, including partner-level risk assessments; and comprehensive expectations for due diligence, including required documentation. Furthermore, management should ensure that the written AML/CFT compliance program is commensurate with the risks in this overall strategy and those unique to any chosen fintech partners.
- Document comprehensive risk assessments for the program as a whole and for each underlying fintech relationship. The risk assessments should identify whether all necessary controls and practices are in place, and which enhancements are needed, to achieve the desired residual risk level. The current overall risk assessment lists several risk mitigants that have not yet been fully implemented.
- · When contract negotiations with fintech partners begin, management, with appropriate

#### **Board of Directors**

guidance from legal counsel, should ensure that agreements with all involved parties clearly outline relevant roles, responsibilities, and expectations; facilitate the mitigation of risks; and do not have an adverse impact on the bank.

- Ensure that the scope and degree of due diligence on critical service providers and potential fintech partners is well documented and commensurate with the level of risk and complexity.
- Ensure that ongoing monitoring practices for service providers and fintech partners are thorough and sufficiently documented. Management should specifically ensure that there are no gaps in oversight due to the unique risks of BaaS, coupled with the significant functions that service providers will be performing. Policies or procedures should also clearly identify responsibilities for performing oversight and for reporting the results.
- Expand the scope of audits to properly assess applicable risks at the bank, fintech partners, and service providers.
- Reevaluate the profitability analysis (and supporting assumptions) performed in January 2023 as the project progresses to ensure the analysis is realistic and comprehensive. Analysis should especially consider the staffing and other operational costs that will be involved with the BaaS activities.

This letter is confidential and may not be disclosed or made public in any manner under part 309 of the FDIC Rules and Regulations (12 CFR part 309) and

If you have any questions, please fee	el free to contact FDIC Case Manager	at
@fdic.gov or	or	at

Sincerely,

--DocuSigned by:

Robert Masterson

Robert J. Masterson Assistant Regional Director Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

Sincerely,

cc: Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago





January 14, 2025

**MEMORANDUM TO:** 

Correspondence File

FROM:

Case Manager

SUBJECT:

Interim Bank Contact

I discussed the bank's condition with President **Example 1** and other members of senior management on January 13, 2025. The bank was most recently examined by the **Example 1** on March 25, 2024, and was rated **Example 1**.

President advised that 2024 was a pretty good year for the bank. From an earnings perspective, he noted that 2024 was better than 2023 when excluding a nonrecurring gain in 2023. He believes the 2024 ROAA ended slightly above the 2025 budget in detail, but he gave no indication that 2025 earnings will be significantly different than 2024. We briefly discussed the bank's STMR position. The bank has had offsites related to IRR, but the rated it a statist most recent examination, and the NIM has remained consistent for several quarters. It remains within the percentile range among peer. The bank's CFO stated that the most recent quarterly IRR results indicated that the bank's net income remains fairly sheltered from both rising and falling rates

Asset quality remains strong per President **Constitution**. The ACI ratio was the prior examination. The largest criticized credit, which accounted for more than **Constitution** of ACI, has improved and has been off the past due list for a few months now. It is a house loan. **Constitution** are all doing well, and President **Constitution** stated that most have the ability to withstand a few bad years. Overall, he has no concerns with asset quality.

There are no significant initiatives planned for 2025. Other than a few IT exceptions and two late CTR filings, the prior examination had no recommendations. We also discussed a second with a large amount of cash (not disclosed during our conversation but should be in the subsequently used most of the cash that was deposited to purchase bitcoin though the subsequently used for CFO second sec

The Leverage ratio was 60% at September 30, 2024, up from 60% at December 31, 2023. The September 30, 2024, FDIC Liquidity Tool reflected a Low assessment and a 60% ratio. Overall, there are no significant concerns noted during the review of the September 30, 2024, UBPR. The next examination will be conducted by the FDIC.

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Meeting Attendees

FDIC:

Senior Case Manager (RMS) Supervisory Examiner (RMS) Examiner-In-Charge (RMS) Senior Examiner (RMS) Senior Examination Specialist (RMS) Senior Examination Specialist (RMS) Examiner (DCP)

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#### FRB: None

#### **Discussion Topics**

#### Implementation Plan Update

Chief FinTech Risk & AML Officer provided a brief update regarding the finite term in terms in

noted that the which is focused on contracts and ongoing monitoring, is on track to meet the expected completion dates. However, management reopened some tasks for policies, procedures, and processes given that validation efforts revealed additional work was needed prior to closeout. While these are delayed, they are expected to be completed by 12/31/2023.

stated that the BSA/AML Program workstream, which is focused on the continued development and enhancement of internal controls, remains on track. Management deployed all AML, Sanctions, and CIP first and second line job aids by 12/8/2023, and employees are using the new processes. She expects management will debut the **Expected** dashboard with the Board at its January meeting. Additionally, management completed its refinement of the risk assessment risk rating engine this week.

Digital Asset Risk Mitigation and Jpdate

CRC briefly discussed ongoing digital asset risk mitigation actions, which are described in the attached slide deck. The highlighted that on balance sheet deposits from clients in the digital assets vertical are limited to no more than the hold of on balance sheet deposits. Although the bank has completed the wind-down of the remains a corporate customer of the statement of the

stated that the bank continues to plan to reduce the number of transactions that supports. The has also increased the number of analysts working transactions to three in March to twelve currently. As a result of alerts generated by the Look-Back Review, the number of requests to for additional information has substantially increased (approximately 10x) causing delayed response times. The requested that the has been working to add staff, which should reduce the time it takes to obtain the requested information. The delays will likely cause the timeline for the completion of the Look-Back Review to extend from 1/31/2024 to 2/29/2024. The has been made aware that it will need to restrain the volume of transactions flowing through the bank if it cannot get the additional resources to respond to information requests in a timely manner. The briefly noted that the bank has completed an evaluation of which states would need to be limited and the status of their money transmission licenses.

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has not onboarded customers in **access** or **access** is prohibited from doing business, but examiners have identified some transaction activity out of those As an abundance of caution, the bank has implemented controls to restrict **access** related wires in those

touched on the complaint against and and and
, stating that engaged to identify any potential of of
funds with identified approximately 3,000 outgoing transactions sent
to business entities. And a did not detect any evidence of the second second management intends
to review 2022 audit (and 2023, when released) to determine if the company reported any
issues. From a liquidity perspective, noted that the
bank has sufficient cash to cover all deposits. Management has been monitoring
nflows and outflows daily since the filing and has not observed any material changes in
deposits.

### Banking-as-a-Service

President provided a brief update on the bank's BaaS relationships with He stated that there has not been much change in activity with either and company since last month, but he noted that account positive trends continue and are aligned with expectations. increase in balances. stated that has been focused on growing product. The higher rate environment is very advantageous to the in marketing the program, and the increased balances benefits the bank by providing additional off balance sheet management continues to work with the contingency funding. executive team to negotiate the contract, which expires in prefers to wait until March and April for detailed discussions given the significant revenue earned According to will increase the fees charged to improve the underlying margins. He expects active . contract negotiations to begin in late February to early March and conclude in May. Regarding the bank is still in the process of unwinding the contract while assisting in finding a new banking partner. does not want to shut down its program. The transition to another banking partner has taken additional time since there are limited banks that operate on the core currently used by for transactions. Transitioning to a bank using another provider will require conduct a core conversion, which would likely be cost-prohibitive for the company. Nonetheless, still expects a complete wind down of the relationship by the end of the first quarter of 2024.

# BSA/AML Program

#### Workstream Summary

Overall Summary: The BSA/AML Program workstream is currently

This phase of the BSA/AML Program workstream is focused on the continued development and enhancement of internal controls to ensure full BSA compliance. This includes policy and procedure enhancements across suspicious activity monitoring, customer due diligence, and the bank's customer identification program, among others.

Key Accomplishments		Milestone	Owner	Start Date	Target Finish	Status
<ul> <li>Gathered needed CIP and beneficial ownership information from fintech clients identified in gap assessment</li> <li>Deployed AML, Sanctions and CIP first- and second-line job aids</li> <li>Continued progress on Board and Dashboard</li> <li>Continued processing of Lange validation recommendations</li> </ul>		Internal controls developed for Fintech customer oversight				
		Suspicious Activity Monitoring and Reporting procedure development				
	3	Customer Due Diligence procedure / desktop process revisions				
Upcoming Activities  Review and process validation recommendations	4	CIP procedure / desktop process update				
<ul> <li>Build out of reporting dashboards</li> <li>Refine risk assessment risk rating engine</li> </ul>	5	Complete				
Continued lookback	6	Remediate				
		Migrate				
Key Challenges / Risks / Issues		Validation of updates				
Internal audit design assessment begins in December, which will potentially divert resources.	9	Refresh CDD/EDD on high-risk clients, under the new procedures	-			
	Ite:	ns Requiring Executive Action				

## **Digital Assets Risk Mitigation**

<b>Risk Mitigation Action</b>	Status
1. Liquidity Risk Management	<ul> <li>Off Balance Sheet: \$in deposits are held off balance sheet as of November 30.</li> <li>On Balance Sheet: \$i is held on balance sheet% limit for on-balance sheet</li> <li>Lending Limits: Lending is restricted toof on-balance sheet deposits (\$ as of November 30)</li> </ul>
2. Savings Program Closure	<ul> <li>Mand and mutually agreed to terminate</li> <li>Wind-down is complete and all funds were returned to customers</li> </ul>
3. Exited smaller, non-strategic digital asset relationships	and . Accounts are closed.
4. transaction monitoring	<ul> <li>We are evaluating options to reduce transactions processed with the by limiting the number of that supports</li> <li>Implemented AML stop-gap measures with increased AML resources assigned to review transaction activity, from in March to currently</li> <li>Implemented additional controls to restrict international wires and wires activity with does not have account relationships</li> </ul>
5. Perform lookback of transactional activity	<ul> <li>The surge in requests for addition information has put stress on second resources and response timeframes have extended beyond our SLA (currently taking days)</li> <li>In the surge is working to add additional resources, but completion could be delayed by a few weeks</li> </ul>
6. risk reduction	<ul> <li>Terminated of through</li> <li>In we declined two new Crypto through and no new Crypto have been onboarded since March 2023</li> </ul>

## Complaint against

	complaint against	and	, alleging	
The complaint also alleges that	business practices have d	eficient		

In response to these allegations, has taken certain actions, including:

• Evaluation of accounts for evidence pulled all outgoing wire transactions during 2023 and reviewed those transactions sent to business entities. The beneficiaries were compared to customer information file and any that could not be confirmed as customers were investigated. No instances were identified.

• **The requested Audited Financial Statements:** 2022 financials have not yet been issued, and the expects them by year-end. Will review the financials for any indications of the outcome of that review.

Liquidity Risk: In order to monitor liquidity risk associated with customer withdrawls in response to the negative news, and Operations team has been providing daily reporting on and inflows and outflows. To date, there have not been material changes in funds flows since this complaint was filed. It limits its total Digital Asset business deposit exposure to % of total Deposits and only % of those are used to fund borrowing. Cash reserves are sufficient to cover all of the deposits (< on balance sheet) leaving the Bank.